

setting a mixing ratio of a silicon-containing gas and other raw material gases during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range which increases substantially in proportion to a conductivity (1/resistivity) of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor so as to control conductivity (1/resistivity) of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value; and

forming said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by feeding said siliconcontaining gas and other raw material gases at a mixing ratio set above.

20. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy, comprising the steps of:

setting a mixing ratio of a silicon-containing gas and other raw material gases during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range which increases substantially in proportion to an electron concentration of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor so as to control a carrier concentration of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value; and

forming said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by feeding said siliconcontaining gas and other raw material gases at a mixing ratio set above.

- 21. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $Al_xGa_{1-x}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).
- 22. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $Al_xGa_{1-x}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).



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- 23. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 24. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 25. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 26. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 21, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 27. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 23, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 28. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6×10^{16} /cm³.
- A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 22, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6×10^{16} /cm³.
- 30. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 24, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6 x 10^{16} /cm³.

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- 31. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 32. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 21, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 33. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 23, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 34. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$ to $3 \times 10^{18} / \text{cm}^3$.
- 35. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 22, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.
- 36. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 24, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$ to $3 \times 10^{18} / \text{cm}^3$.



- 37. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 38. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 39. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 21, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 40. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 22, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 25, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 42. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 28, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.



- 43. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 31, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 44. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 34, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 45. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 37, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 46. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 38, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 47. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 39, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.



- 48. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 40, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 49. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 41, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 50. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 42, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 51. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 43, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 52. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 44, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.

53. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy, comprising the steps of:

setting a supplying rate of silicon (Si) to gallium (Ga) in a reaction chamber during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range from 0.1 to 3 as a converted values so as to control a conductivity (1/resistivity) of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value, where said values 0.1 and 3 are the values obtained from gas flow rates, in case that an amount of said gallium (Ga) is converted into a flow rate of hydrogen bubbling trimethyl gallium (TMG) at a temperature of -15°C and an amount of said silicon (Si) is converted into a flow rate of a gas diluted to 0.86 ppm.

54. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy, comprising the steps of:

setting a supplying rate of silicon (Si) to NH₃ in a reaction chamber during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range from 8.6×10^{-10} to 2.6×10^{-8} , so as to control a conductivity (1/resistivity) of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value.

55. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy, comprising the steps of:

setting a supplying rate of silicon (S) to gallium (Ga) in a reaction chamber during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range from 0.1 to 3 as a converted values so as to control a carrier concentration of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value, where said values 0.1 and 3 are the values obtained from gas flow rates, in case that an amount of said gallium (Ga) is converted into a flow rate of hydrogen bubbling

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trimethyl gallium (TMG) at a temperature of -15°C and an amount of said silicon (Si) is converted into a flow rate of a gas diluted to 0.86 ppm.

56. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor by an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy, comprising the steps of:

setting a supplying rate of silicon (Si) to NH₃ in a reaction chamber during said vapor phase epitaxy at a desired value in a range from 8.6×10^{-10} to 2.6×10^{-8} , so as to control a carrier concentration of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor at a desired value.

- 57. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $A1_XGa_{1-X}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).
- 58. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $A1_XGa_{1-X}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).
- 59. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $A1_XGa_{1-X}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).
- 60. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is $A1_XGa_{1-X}N$ ($0 \le x \le 1$).



- 61. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 62. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 63. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 64. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is GaN.
- 65. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 66. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 67. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 57, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 68. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 58, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.

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- 69. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 61, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 70. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 62, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is not less than $3.3/\Omega$ cm.
- 71. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein said electron concentration is not less than $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$.
- 72. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6×10^{16} /cm³.
- 73. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 59, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6×10^{16} /cm³.
- 74. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 60, wherein said electron concentration is not less than $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$.
- 75. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega cm$ to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega cm$.
- 76. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.



- 77. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 57, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 78. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 58, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from 3.3/ Ω cm to 1.3 x $10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 79. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 61, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 80. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 62, wherein said conductivity (1/resistivity) is ranging from $3.3/\Omega$ cm to $1.3 \times 10^2/\Omega$ cm.
- 81. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.
- 82. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.



- 83. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 59, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.
- 84. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 60, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$ to $3 \times 10^{18} / \text{cm}^3$.
- 85. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 63, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.
- 86. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 64, wherein said electron concentration is ranging from 6 x 10^{16} /cm³ to 3×10^{18} /cm³.
- 87. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 88. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.



- 89. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 90. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 91. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 57, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 92. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 58, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 93. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 59, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 94. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 60, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.



- 95. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 61, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 96. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 62, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 97. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 63, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 98. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 64, wherein said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor is formed on or above a buffer layer which is formed on a sapphire substrate.
- 99. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 87, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 100. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 88, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.



- 101. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 89, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 102. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 90, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 103. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 91, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 104. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 92, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 105. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 93, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.



- 106. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 94, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 107. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 95, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 108. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 96, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 109. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 97, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.
- 110. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 98, wherein said buffer layer is formed on said sapphire substrate by using an organometallic compound vapor phase epitaxy at a growth temperature lower than that of said gallium nitride group compound semiconductor.



- 111. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 19, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 112. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 20, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 113. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 53, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 114. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 54, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 115. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 55, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 116. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 56, wherein silicon-containing gas is silane (SiH₄).
- 117. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 63, wherein said electron concentration is not less than $6 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$.
- 118. A method for producing a gallium nitride group compound semiconductor according to claim 64, wherein said electron concentration is not less than 6 x 10^{16} /cm³.--